LEXINGTON, K. FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1819.

LANT XXXIII

TERMS OF THE

Kentucky Gazette, PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY J. NORVELL & CO.

The price to Subscribers, is, THREE DOLLARS per annum, PAID IN ADVANCE, or FOUR DOLLARS at the end of the year The TERMS OF ADVERTISING in this paper, are, FIFTY CENTS for the first insertion of every 15 lines or under, and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS for each continuance; longer advertisements in the same proportion.

discontinued:

All communications addressed to the editors must be post paid.



Laws of the United States. (BY AUTHORITY.)

ANACT

Making appropriations for the public buildings for the purchase of a lot of land, and furnishing a supply of water for the use of certain public buildings.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congsess assembled, That there be appropriated for finishing the and thirty-two dollars.

thousand and forty-four dollars.

For finishing the gates, the iron-railing, and the enclosure north of the president's house, five thousand three hundred and forty-four dollars.

For enlarging the offices of the president's house, eight thousand one hundred and thirty-seven dollars.

For purchasing a lot of land, and for constructing pipes, for supplying the executive offices and president's house with water, nine thousand one hundred By the President of the United States of and twenty-five dollars.

Which said several sums of money, hereby appropriated, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not other-

wise appropriated. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums hereby appropriated, shall be expended under the direction of the president of the United States.

Approved, March 3, 1819. JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT

Making provision for the civilization of the In-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of providing against the further decline and final extinction of the Indian tribes, adjoining to the frontier settlements of the United States, & for introducing among them, the habits and arts of civilization, the president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized, in every case where he shall judge improvement in the habits and condition of such Indians practicable, and that the means of instruction can be introduced with their own consent, to employ capable persons, of good moral character, to instruct them in the mode of agriculture suited to their situation; and for teaching their children in reading, writing, and arithmetic, and for performing such other duties as may be enjoined, according to such instructions and rules as the President may give and prescribe for the regulation of their conduct, in the discharge of their

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the annual sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act; and an account of the expenditure of the money, and proceedings in execution of the foregoing provisions, shall be laid annually before congress.

Approved, March 3, 1819.

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT Explanatory of the act, entitled "an act for the final adjustment of land titles in the State of Louisiana and Territory of Mis-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the fifth section of the act of congress, entitled " an act for the final adjustment of land titles in the state of Louisiana and territory of Missouri,' passed the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, shall be so construed as to extend to the citizens of the county of Howard, in the Missouri territory, as established by the act of the legislature of the territory passed the twenty-third day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, States, have been, and are abolished: any construction to the contrary notwith-

Scc. 2. And be it further enacted, That | president of United States of America, | the right of pre-emption given by the a- do hereby declare and proclaim, that so foresaid provisions, as explained and extended by this act, shall not be so con- ties on the tonnage of ships and vessels, strued as to affect any right derived and on goods, wares, and merchandize, from the United States, by purchase, at imported into the United States, as impublic or private sale, of the lands claimed under the aforesaid act.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons who have settled on, and improved, any of the lands in the said territory, reserved for the use of schools, before the survey of such lands were actually made, and wholl would have had the right of pre-emption All advertisements not paid for in ad- thereto by the existing laws had not the vance, must be paid for when ordered to be same been so reserved, shall have the right of pre-emption thereto, under the same terms and conditions, and subject to the same restrictions, provided for other cases of a right of pre-emption in said territory; and the register of the land office, and receiver of public moneys, for the destrict, shall have power By the President. to select any other vacant and unappropriated lands, in the same township, and as near adjacent as lands of equal quantity and like quality can be obtained, in lieu of the section, or parts of a section, which shall have been entered in right of pre-emption, according to the provi-

sion of this section. Approved, March 3, 1819. JAMES MONROE.

RESOLUTION

Declaring the manner in which the vessels composing the Navy of the United States shall be named.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of wings of the capitol, in addition to the America in Congress assembled, That all sum of fifty-one thousand three hundred all the ships of the navy of the United States, now building, or hereafter to be For crecting the centre building of built, shall be named by the secretary of the capitol, one hundred and thirty-six the navy, under the direction of the president of the United States, according to the following rule, to wit: Those of the irst class shall be called after the states of this Union; those of the second class after the rivers; and those of the third class after the principal cities and towns; taking care that no two vessels in the navy shall bear the same name.

Approved, March 3, 1819. JAMES MONROE.

America. A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas it appears by a Proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor of his Britannic Majesty's Province of New Brunswick, bearing date the tenth day of April last, and officially communicated by his envoy extraordinary and minister Plenipotentiary, residing in the U. nited States, to this government, that the regulations on the subject of the trade in Plaster of Paris, prohibiting the exportation thereof to certain ports of the United States, which were in force in the dian Tribes adjoining the frontier settle- said province at the time of the enactment of the act of the congress of the United States, entitled "an act to regulate the trade in Plaster of Paris," passed on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventeen, have been and are discontinued:

Now, therefore, I James Monroe, president of the United States, do hereby declare that fact, that the restrictions imposed by the said congress shall, from the date hereof, cease and and be discontinued, in relation to the said province of New Brunswick.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this fourth day of Juin the forty-third year of the Indely, in the year of our Lord 1818, & pendence of the United States. JAMES MONROE.

By the President. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS,

Secretary of State.

By the President of the United States of America.

Whereas, by an act of the congress of the United States, of the third of March one thousand eight hundred and fifteen so much of the several acts imposing duties on the ships and vessels, and on goods, wares, and merchandize, importted into the United States, as imposed a discriminating duty of tonnage between foreign vessels and vessels of the United States, and between goods imported into the United States in foreign vessels and vessels of the United States, were and to settle and adjust all accounts which rerepealed, so far as the same respected the produce or manufacture of the nation to which such foreign ship or vessel might belong, such repeal to take effect in favor of any foreign nation whenever the president of the United States should be satisfied that the discriminating or countervailing duties of such foreign na-

vantage of the United States, have been abolished: And whereas, satisfactory proof has been received by me, from the Burgo. masters and Senators of the Free and Hanseatic city of Bremen, that, from and after the twelfth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, all discriminating or countervailing duties of the said city, so far as they of erated to the disadvantage of the United

tion, so far as they operate to the disad-

much of the several acts imposing duposed a discriminating duty of tonnage

between vessels of the Free and Hanseatic city of Bremen and vessels of the United States, and between goods imported into the United States in vessels of Bremen and vessels of the United respects the produce or manufacture of Lexington, Jan. 15, 1819-tf the sald Free Hanseatic city of Bremen.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and the forty-third year of the Independence of the United

JAMES MONROE.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Secretary of State.

By the President of the United States

of America.

A PROCLAMATION. Whereas, by an act of the congress of the United States, of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, so much of the several acts imposing duties on the ships and vessels, and on goods, wares and merchandize, imported into the United States, as imposed a discriminating duty of tonnage between foreign vessels and vessels of the United States, and between goods imported into the United States in foreign vessels and vessels of the United States, were repealed, so far as the same respected the produce or manufacture of the nation to which such foreign ship or vessel might belong, such repeal to take effect, in favor of any foreign nation, whenever the president of the United States should be satisfied that the discriminating or coun, tervailing duties of such foreign nationso far as they operate to the disadvantage of the United States, have been abolish-

And whereas, satisfactory proof has been received by me, from the Burgomasters and Senators of the Free and Hanseatic city of Hamburg, that, from and after the thirteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, all discriminating or countervailing duties of the said city, so far as they operated to the disadvantage of the U nited States, have been, and are abolish-

Now, therefore, I James Monroe, president of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim, that so much of the several acts imposing duties on the tonnage of snips and vessels, and on goods, wares, and merchandize, imported into the United States, as imposed a discriminating duty of tonnage between vessels of the Free and Hanseatic city of Hamburg and vessels of the United States, and between goods imported into the United States in vessels of Hamburg and vessels of the United States, are repealed, so far as the same respects the produce or manufacture of the said Free & Hanseatic city of Ham

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this first day of August, in the year of Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and the forty third year of the Independence of the United States. JAMES MONROE.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Secretary of State.

United States of America, Seventh Circuit Court, } sct.

Kentucky District. November Term, 1818. Alexander Cranston & Co .- compts. agamst

John P. Schatzell, &c.—defts.

JOHN H. HANNA, Clerk of the Seventh JOHN H. HANNA, Clerk of the United States in and Circuit Court of the United States in and for the District of Kentucky, do hereby certify that the order of injunction awarded herein, restraining the defendant Schatzell from disposing of the effects of the Firm of J. P. Schatzell & Co. was at the present term rescinded. and that the said John P. Schatzell has been invested with power and authority to receive and collect all money due to the said firm of late to the partnership.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed the L. S. seal of said Court—this 22d day of December 1818, and of the Independence of the United States the 43d. ЈОНУ Н. НАУУЛА.

NOTICE.

A LL persons indebted to J. P. Schatzell, of the late Firm of J. P. Schatzell & Co. are quested to make immediate payment to the scriber, who alone is authorized to receive the same. Those to whom said firms stand indebted will also please to apply to him for settlement.

J. P. SCHATZELL. settlement. J. P. Lexington, Jan. 1, 1819.-tf

The Editors of the Nashville Whig, Louis ville Courier, Natchez Republican, New Or-leans Gazette, Charleston S. C. City Gazette, New York Mercantile Advertiser, Rell's Philadelphia Gazette, & Augusta (Geo.) Chronicle are requested to insert the above advertis ment three times and forward their accounts to Now, therefore, I, James Monroe, the Kentucky Gazette Office for payment.

Notice.

THE subscribers having rented Mr. Hart's Rope Walk for a term of years, with the

Rope-Making Business,

In all its various branches, they will give the highest price in CASH for HEMP, delivered at said Walk, where BALE ROPE, CABLES and TARRED ROPE, of all descriptions, may be had on the shortest notice, war-ranted of equal quality to any manufactured in the United States. They wish to purchase a quantity of TAR.

Elegant Carpeting.

Just received and for sale at the Store of T. E. BOSWELL & CO.

Brussels & Scotch Carpetings, Which they offer at a very reduced price.

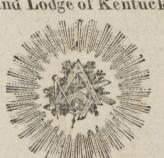
Jan. 1, 1819-tf

CINCINNATI PORTER. JUST received from the Brewery of Messrs. Perry & Raily, Cincinnati, a supply of

Very Superior Porter, WHICH is offered for sale to retailers of my usual moderate terms, and shall re ceive from time to time an additional supp W. CONNELL.

N.B. Any orders for bottled Porter sent from the country, will be strictly attended to after the first of May.

Grand Lodge of Kentucky.



GRAND Annual Communication of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, will be held ne MASON'S HALL in the town of Lex-

ngton, on the last Monday in AUGUST next, recisely at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the M. W. G. M.

THOMAS T. BARR, G. Sec'y.

Lexington, June 22, 5819—26

TO THE LADIES.

Mrs. Plimpton,

Has just received from New York and Phila delphia, an elegant assortment of Leghorn, Gimp, Chip and Straw BONNETS;

LIKEWISE AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF Fancy Articles, Jewelry and Silver Ware.

All of which will be sold as cheap as can be purchased in the Western country. Opposite the Gazette Office, Main street.

Lexington, 3d June, 181 23tf

FOR SALE,

A first rate Hand Organ, VITH four Cylinders, playing thirty-two tunes, with several Overtures. Likewise an OPTIC with four Glasses, with seventy-six superb views. Enquire of JOHN DEVERIM,

Opposite the court-house, Lexington. July 9, 1819—28

Last Notice.

AVING disposed of my stock of Iron and L. Castings, I again request those who are indebted to me to call and pay their accounts immediately, as farther indulgence will not be given to any person.
THOMAS D. OWINGS.

Lexington, July 12-29-3t

BOARDING.

GAINES continues to keep a Doarding
House at the corner of Market and Short-streets, where gentlemen can be accommodated with Boarding by the day, or as permanent boarding, on as good terms as any in town. His table shall be equal to any in the place. Travellers who dishke the noise of a Tavern, can be accommodated on as good or better terms than at any public house in the place. Such of the members of the Grand Lodge as choose to put up with him, shall be accommodated to their satisfaction, and their horses sent to a Livery Stable.

Lexington, July 23-30-3
The Reporter and Monitor will please give

Public Sale.

ON THE 10th DAY OF AUGUST, 1819 SHALL expose to sale on the premises, the HOUSE AND LOT, situated on Main-st at present occupied by James Maccoun and Thomas Kane. To be sold at six months credthe instruction of her pupils.

Thomas Kane. To be sold at six months credit, negotiable paper and satisfactory security dated with boarding and lodging, at \$25 per required from the purchaser.

CHAS. HUMPHREYS.

July 23, 1819--30-3t

At a stated Meeting of the Board of Trustees the Town of Lexington, July 1st, 1819. of HE BY-LAW which prohibits the abuse and injury of he boxes, trees &c. planted around the public square, which passed the first reading at the last stated meeting of the Board, was again read and passed, and has thereupon bocome a by-lsw of the town.

The By-Law extending the boundary of the -lots, and more effectually to suppress the hring of guns within the same, which passed he first reading at the last stated meeting of the board, was again read and passed, and has thereupon become a by-law of the town.

By order of the board,

29-3

Att. H. B. SMITH, Clk.

NOTICE.

PEING anxious to close my business in this place, those indebted are requested to settle their accounts without delay. Those ing claims are solicited to present them for GEO. HAY. July 14th, 1819,-29-3t

NEW AND ELEGANT FANCY GOODS, Just Received at No. 7, Cheapside.

JAMES M. PIKE,

HAS the pleasure of informing the Ladies, he has received the most elegant assortment of

That has been offered for sole in this town for the last two years,

AMONG WHICH ARE—

ELEGANT 8, 6 and 4 SCOLLUP RETICULES,

Superb Toilette Boxes and Toilet Control

Superb Toilette Boxes and Toilet Cushions, in great variety of Patterns and Sizes, MONTAGUE BASKETS for the Toilette, extremely handsome,
A few pair very clegant SCREENS, FANCY BOXES, FRUITS, EMERY BOCKS &c.
The whole of the above superbly painted on Velvet and in a very superior style
Likewise—PLAIN GOLD, STAMPED GOLD, EMBOSSED & MOROCCO PAPER,

GOLD ORNAMENTS for various purposes, with a variety of other articles too numerous to particularize.

He hopes those he has mentioned will be sufficient inducement for the ladies to call and examine for themselves.

Also, received a few days since, A few Bottles of the justly celebrated MACASSAR, and a few Bottles of the unadulterated

RUSSIA OILS for the Hair.

All of which he is disposed to sell at a very small advance from prime cost.

Lexington, July—29tf

NOTICE THE firm of J. H. HUMPHREYS & Co. was dissolved in March last. Those indebted will make payment to J. H. & J. HUM-

PHREYS, Druggists.

C. W. CLOUD,
J. H. HUMPHREYS,

Who will give CASH for 5000 bushels Flax-Seed, Delivered in Lexington.

July 22, 1819—30-3 NEW GOODS.

GEORGE TROTTER & SON, In addition to their former Importation last month, have received a further supply of the most

ELEGANT AND FASHIONABLE GOODS, For the Spring and Summer,

That the Philadelphia Market affords; which, having been purchased upon the most moderate terms, they are determined to sell extremely low for CASH IN HAND. A PART OF THE ASSORTMENT CONSISTS OF THE

FOLLOWING ARTICLES, VIZ: AMASK and plain Canton and Conchan Crapes, black, blue, crimson, pink, yellow, orange, lilack, drab and brown, Canton Crape Shawls, and Scarfs of same co-

Thread and Silk Laces, Edgings & Insertings Parasols and Umbrellas
Straw Bonnets and suitable Trimmings
Plain and figured Mull Mull and Jackonett

Muslins 4-4 and 6-4 wide Fine wide Muslins, white and plnk stripe
Florence, Lutestring & Levantine Silks, black
and changeable colours
Yellow and blue Nankeens Blue and striped Cotton Cassimeres Irish, Scotch and Russia sheetings German and Irish Linens Steam Loom and New England Shirtings Bed Tickings of every price and quality Cloths and Cassimeres, well assorted

Blue, mixt and brown Casinetts Ladies' black and coloured Morocco Shoes & Bootees, plain and figured, with and with-

Low priced Hats Elegant and common Knives and Forks Plaid, striped and chambray Cottons 6.4 and 4.4 Linen and Cotton Checks Liverpool China and common Ware, com-

pletely assorted
Flowered Paper by the piece, and in setts for
Common, Engraved and Cut Glassware, And every other article in their line of

Lexington, June 21, 1819. -- 26tf Jewelry, Watches &c. CHEAP! CHEAP!!

business.

S. BRADFORD, VISHING to dispose of his whole stock of JEWELRY, &c. offers them either wholesale or retail at a small advance on prime cost, which is unusually low. The assortment is of the best quality of goods, consisting of Fine Pearl, Paste, Fillagree & Jett Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Breast Pins, and Braceletts, Amulett, and Jett Necklaces, Reticules, Clasps cc. Fine and Jewellers Gold Watch Chains, Seals and Keys, Steel Chains best quality, gold repeating and plain silver Watches, Side Combs, Scissors, Thimbles &c. &c. &c.

Lexington, July 6, 1819-28-3t MRS. JONES,

ROPOSES to open a School for the reception of Young Ladies, on Monday the 12th July, where they will be taught the following branches of learning viz:

Spelling, Reading, Writing, Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, Marking, &c.

Terms—\$3 per quarter. Residence constitution-street, nearly opposite Mr. Kennedy's.

Mrs. J. pledges herself to pay the strictest attention to the manners and morals, as well as

quarter, including tuition. Lexington, July 9.—28tf

Navy Commissioners' Office, JULY 7, 1819.

Navy Beef and Pork, for the year 1820. THE Board of Navy Commissioners will receive proposals till the 15th day of August next, to contract for 2000 to 2500 barrels of Pork,

2500 to 3000 barrels of Beef, or the use of the Navy of the United States, leliverable in the course of the winter of 1819-20, at either of the following places,

Baltimore, Washington, or Norfolk. New York. Philadelphia, These provisions must be of the best qualiand fully hooped; the beef must be cut into pieces of 10 lbs each, the pork into pieces of 8 lbs. each, so that 20 pieces of beef, or 25 pieces of pork, will make a barrel of 200 lbs. JOHN RODGERS,

President of the Navy Board.

NEW GOODS. Thompson & January,

AVE just received and are now opening, at their store on Main-street, formerly occupied by TANDY & ALLEN, a general assortment, suitable for the present and ensu-

ing season, consisting of
Black Canton Crapes
Fancy colcured ditto
Thread Laces and Lace Veils Merino Shawls

Lace Pillerines and Handkerchiefs
Best doubled Levantines
,, Senshaws and Florence

" Senshaws and Florence " Bombazines and Bombazetts Plain and figured Ribbons, assorted Plain and figured Jackonet, Book, Mulland Leno Muslins 4-4 and 6-4 Cambric, assorted Do do Ginghams, assorted White and coloured Cotton Socks, asst'd. Black and white Silk Stockings and Socks Ditto and coloured worsted ditto Corded Velvet and Velveteens Ditto and coloured worsted ditto
Corded Velvet and Velveteens
London superfine Cloths and Cassimeres
Blue, mixed and brown Cassinetts

Striped and white Jeans
Superfine white and printed Marsailles,
with a variety of Silk & other Vestings Steam Loom and Cambric Shirtings Irish Linens and Long Lawns Linen and Cotton Checks Light and dark Calicoes Furniture and Cambric Dimities Black and Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs Company and Flag Bandanas Buckskin, Beaver, Kid and Silk Gloves Linen Cambric and Cambric Handk'fs Domestic Cottons and Checks Do Stripes and Chambreys

Do Shirtings and Sheetings Plain and Furniture Checks A large quantity of excellent Tow Linery Also, a General assortment of

GROCERIES. Real French Brandy Do Madeira Wine Very old Jamaica Spirits Old Whiskey Loaf and Lump Sugar Spices and Dye-stuffs in great variety

Together with a large quantity of Liverpool and Queensware,

All of which they will seil very low They have also on Commission, Bakewell, Page & Bakewell's

by the Box, at Pittsburgh prices. Likewise a large assortment open for the accommodation of private families, with Black Porter and Claret Bottles.

Hamilton's best Moccoba Snuff, and Real Span-ish Segars, at Philadelphia prices. Lexington, July 9, 1819.—28

Female Academy. JAMES LOGUE. RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has opened an Academy for young ladies, in the airy and spacious

room over Higgins and Prichartt's Store, corner of Main and Limestone-streets The course of instruction will comprehend Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar and Composition, Geography, History, Logic, Rhetoric, and the elements of Criticism, Natural and Moral Philosophy. The School being nearly made up, Mr. Logue requests parents and others who desire to place pupils under his care, to enter them immediately, in order that he may be enabled to form the classes, and organize the School as soon as possible.

Terms made known at the Academy. Lexington, July 23, 1819 30-3 Uncurrent Bank Notes. THE Notes of banks in the following states, which have lately suspended specie payments, will be received by the subscriber in payment for books and stationary, or debts

due him, at a discount of ten per cent. viz-

North and South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee and Ohio. WM. W. WORSLEY.

W. W. w. has lately published a second ediw. W. W. has lately published a second edition of "Masonic Constitutions, or Illustrations of Masoniv;" compiled by the direction of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky. A few copies of MUNSELL'S MAP OF KENTUCKY, for sale as above.

July 16-29-3t TO SADDLERS.

Just Received, a few dozen ENGLISH

HOG SKINS, FOR SADDLE SEATS.

WHICH will be sold by the dozen, halfdozen, or single one, for ready money, at the price of country seating, and are recommended to the attention of saddlers and others, in the neighboring fowns. A. I.E GRAND,
Auct. and Com. Mer.
Lexington, July 13th, 1819—29-3t

New Military Goods. ENRY FLETCHER, corner of Main-st. and Jordan's Row, has just received an

Military Goods,

Consisting of Swords, Epauletts, Sashes, Plumes, Gold and Silver Laces, Ball Buttons, &c.—which will be sold at a small advance for eash.

Lex. July 9—28-3t

Kentuckn Gazette.

LEXINGTON FRIDAY, JULY 30

The Kentucky Gazette will hereafter be published by Norvell & Cavins, to whom the establishment exclusively belongs. Mr. James Armstrong, heretofore interested, has purchased the Kentucky Advertiser, at Winchester, Kentucky and will in future conduct that print.

Proscribed Bank Notes!

Gazette-for any debts due us for jobs or advertisements-and for any office transaction, we will receive in payment the notes of the Burlington, Barboursville, or Somerset Banks. Notwithstanding they are attempted to be outlawed, our confidence, for the present at least, in their solvency is not impaired.

We are authorized to state, also, that the same notes will be received at the Domestic Store of Messrs. Sebree and Johnsons, for any articles they have for sale-consisting principally of Cloths, Iron, Paper, and Groceries, generally.

Mr. D. A. Sayre will also take for amy articles in his line of trade Barboursville or Somerset bank notes.

THE ELECTION.

On Monday next the annual election in this state takes place for representatives; and, in some districts, for senators. Commercial embarrasments-and in monied matters, give to the political affairs of the whole nation, and of each individual state, a peculiar aspect. Legislative interposition is looked for, and is expected. How important is it then to select agents with the greatest care

In this county much more than usual tranquility has existed on the subject of the election this summer. No personal or political strife-no newspaper or handbill wrangling-no mean resort to low and contemptible canvassing have disturbed the serenity of our time, as it has passed away. The enlightened and patriotic people of Fayette have so long and so often exercised the invaluable right of suffrage, that no admonitory remarks we could offer would be of any avail. We are confident they will come to the polls and announce the choice each may have made from exercise of the best judgment.

There are two or three communications in this day's GAZETTE relating to the election, which could not be excluded upon any rational ground. Their tendency will be good if they have the effect which they apparently wish-that is, of calling forth the explicit sentiments of the candidates. There is an allusion in the piece signed " A surror" which make a final attempt for the reduction of be any person aggrieved, however, the every one of the revolted provinces at author's name is with us.

RIGHTS OF JURIES.

There is a difference of opinion prevailing among the ablest jurists in America on the highly important question so whether a jury are judges of law, as well as fact." That there should be a contrariety of sentiment on this subject, is, to us, matter of surprize and astonishment. The essential principles upon which our government is founded, should consign the matter to eternal rest. We are tried for crimes, and our controversies are settled, by the country-by the MAJESTY of the people, concentrated in a JURY. If then this jury are merely to sit in their box, without judg- in the St. Louis Enquirer, of July 7, it ing of the law which the facts of a case bring into investigation, the sacred tribunal ceases to be of any importance, and they are degraded into the mere organ of the will of the court.

We are far from entertaining the icessary to make them so, in order to maintain the position that juries are jud- latter will be transferred to the former. ges of law as well as fact. Every man is presumed to understand the laws of ly flood was still swelling it. We sinthe country in which he lives. Were it cerely hope that the steam vessels may sworn, under the watchfulness of the court, to decide a controversy according to evidence, they at once become the much patriotic pains and labor. great functionary to estimate the circumstances of the case, and the law which those circumstances involve. Say that the legislature, through error of opinion, pass an unconstitutional law, and in a matter of dispute arising under that law, the court ignorantly or corruptly enter- mation. The magnanimous zeal of col. tain the same views as did the legisla- Johnson, and his indefatigable industry, he dragged into a deliberate prostration done, to carry into execution the views

amount to a legal license to commit a the way, were highly criminal. felo de se upon our own political privi-

We should rejoice to see this subject ably investigated by lawyers. The diversity of opinion requires some interposition. The legislature should assert their power, and declare what the law is. If the members will not voluntarily For subscriptions to the Kentucky do this, the people have a right to instruct their representatives to pass a declaratory act.

Judicial decisions will hardly be resorted to, to prove the omnipotence of courts in all matters of law. In these, a great want of uniformity would be found. But we contend, that no authority, save that of the people, has a right to subvert any one of the fundamental principles of the republic. The trial by jury is guaranteed by the constitution, and, in order to have this in its purity, the judgments of the jurors must remain untrammelled-the powers of their minds must not be restricted by the fiat of a court presiding over them. In admitting the jury to possess the privilege contended for, the dignity of the judge is not impaired. Let the court pronounce the law-and the jury, if they can, receive instruction from the bench. But if the opinion of the jury differ from the the extraordinary pressure of the times charge of the judge, the former should

We have just touched this subject, at this time, because we are convinced it will become one of serious discussion, and, unless the principle is settled, of serious alarm. We invite the ideas of those who differ from us; and, should it become necessary, we respectfully solicit the aid of those who agree with usalthough, without this assistance, we shall not shrink from the investigation, whenever opposition rears it head.

SPANISH TREATY.

The brig Adamant, captain Covill, ar rived at Boston on the 8th of the present month. She left Gibraltar on the third of June; and brings information of a positive character that the government of Spain had ratified the treaty with the U. States, ceding the Floridas. It was expected the Hornet had sailed for New York with the ratification.

EXPEDITION TO S. AMERICA The latest accounts from Spain, indicate the existence of a very formidable force, in a state of readiness, for South America. A letter dated May 15, says, The expedition, consisting of 50,000 troops, is expected to sail from Cadiz in the course of a month. Its object is to we do not distinctly understand. If there the rebellion by striking a blow upon once, and thus endeavour to terminate the contest.

> "The command is to be given to the Marquis D'Yrujo. Anxiety is seen in the countenance of every Spaniard, who wishes for the end of the civil war, while he secretly breathes a prayer for the success of the Patriots."

MISSOURI EXPEDITION.

On Sunday, the 4th of this month, the 6th regiment of U. S. Infantry, under the command of Col. Atkinson, departed from Belle Fontaine, in the steam boats Expedition, Jefferson, and Johnson, and a number of keels and barges, for the upper Missouri. In a postcript was stated that the troops had returned, in consequence of the steam boats not being able to stem the current. But in edge of Woodford county. The causes an extra hand-bill of the 9th, the same which gave rise to the affair were of long dea that courts are corrupt. It is not ne- boats, so far as has yet been observedand it is expected that the contents of the

The river is in fine order, and the Juotherwise, those who avowed profound yet be found adequate to ascend the ignorance would be unfit jurors. When- Missouri. It would be a great source ever, therefore, a jury are empannelled & of national pride to witness the complete success of an expedition, the preparations for which have called forth so

Since the above was in type, a gentleman has arrived, who left the Missouri on the 19th inst. He states the steam boats were going on very well, and were about 100 miles up the river. We are truly glad to receive this inforture-shall a Juny be compelled to sus- deserve to be crowned with the most tain that error? Shall they be forced brilliant success. There are few men to violate their consciences? Shall they who would have hazarded what he has from his prospectus.

of the consecrated CHARTER of their of the war office; and the cabinet, and paper we believe Mr. Armstrong will rights and liberties? We answer, no- every agent of government, should yield give general satisfaction, and a few numfor, were the affirmative held, it would their assistance. To throw obstacles in bers of his paper will, we presume, con-

INIMITABLE IDEA

At the anniversary celebration of American Independence, in the neighborhood of Lancaster, Ky, the President of the United States and the Acting Covrnor of Kentucky, were united in ONE TOAST! The sentiment of this redoubtable toast was, that in the administrations of those two executive officers, little was seen to censure, and much to ADMERE!

It is not our intention to enter into an analysis of the political steps of either Mr. Monroe or Col. Slaughter. But the station of the former is so much more elevated than that of the latter-their experience in government affairs are so different-and their minds are organized upon plans of such opposite characters, that we never expected to see them served up in the same dish. Now we do not wish it believed that we estimate the president as a prodigy by any means; but we most solemnly aver that we think much injustice is done him, when he is reduced down to a level with the acting governor of this state. Whether the toast-maker intended to be satirical or not, we are not prepared to say. But it is a strange fact that this toast was

PATRIOTS IN TEXAS.

Ou the 21st of June, the revolutionary ag was hoisted 12 miles west of the Sabine river, in the province of Texas .-Gen. Long is the chief of the army. His force is about 600 Americans and Spaniards-and near 3000 Indians. The head quarters would, by the first of the present month, have been fixed at Nacagdoches.

This force, and the preparations, present a tolerable aspect. The operations in favor of liberty in that quarter of Mex ico, have been for some time suspended. It is hoped that Gen. Long, and the gallant force under his command, will give new life and vigor to the patriot cause. If their debut is successful, they may confidently claculate on an immediate increase of troops. There are many young men in America, panting for glory, and who only await favorable appearances to engage in the great struggle.

THOMAS SERGEANT, has resigned as Secretary of the state of Pennsylvania; and has been appointed attorney general. SAMUEL D. INGHAM, late a member of congress, has been appointed to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Sergeant.

On the 9th inst. U. S. bank stock at Philadelphia was 89-no sales.

Mr. Forsyth, the minister to Spain, reached Madrid on the 14th May.

The secretay of war returned to W ington city on the 13th inst. from his visit to South Carolina.

nished with another heir apparent to the punishment should not be increased by Erie, sloop of war had arrived at Val-Dutchess of Kent: This event took people, who have suits depending, are place on the 24th of May.

The Stockholm Gazette contemptuously contradicts the report of a proposition having been made to Charles John to abdicate the Swedish throne .-No misunderstandings exist between that heard of one of them, is true-and if true,

A DUEL.

On Friday last, Mr. Bushrop Bos VELL, a merchant of this town, and SAM-UEL Q. RICHARDSON, Esq. attorney a law, of Cincinnatti, fought a duel in the paper corrects the above information. standing, and only partially known to The keels and barges out-run the steam us. The result was not fatal. Mr. Richardson received the ball of his antagonist in his arm, the bone of which was broken, and a small contusion was also made on his side.

THE BARBACUE

for the people of this county to assem-

Mr. James Armstrong, our former ue the publication of the "Kentucky ADVERTISER" on an improved plan. It seems to be his intention to render it of the times We present an extract or expect to have during my life.

As a firinter and conducter of a news- Fayette, July 20, 1819.

vince the public that he is not without experience. We wish him every suc-

EXTRACT.

"The commercial world is in a highly embarrassed situation. Europe complians heavi-ly of pressure—and the constant cry in Ameria is "hard times." s, the editor is decidedly of opinion that rigid system of economy must be adopted and irsued. Domestic manufactures must be re orted to—and agricultural employments mu be encouraged. It is thus the whole system of the body politic ought to be medicated Temporary and partial relief might be, peraps, otherwise obtained. But no permane ecuniary happiness can be looked for, unt great radical cure is effected. It wil therefore, be with peculiar pride that the edi-tor will turn much of his attention to agriculural and manufacturing topics. Several works, exclusively devoted to subjects of this kind, ave been established eastwardly. In obtaining these, the editor will have great additionaid to the resources which his own country

For the Kentucky Gazette.

TO THE CANDIDATES.

Gentlemen-Before I exercise my ight of voting on Monday next, I would e happy to learn from each of you, hrough public conversations-public peeches or otherwise, your sentiments on the following subjects :-

1st. Your ideas of the distresses of the country. If they can admit of alleviation, what will be your disposition to effect that object? If you have any fixed plan for palliating the general writhings of the state, what is it?

2d. Were any of you opposed to a new election of Governor, when that great political question was agitated. If so, are you yet of the same opinion?

3d. Is not the majesty of the people, in this government, supremely omnipo ent over any other human power?

The last interrogatory involves the principle alluded to in the second. A VOTER.

COMMUNICATED:

Messrs. Editors, You know that I am a townsman; and ny neighbors admit that I am a very inustrious mechanic. I sell all my work ny family and my workmen use, from he people in the county. I consider, herefore, that my interest is connected with that of my neighborhood. If I can't ell my work, I can't live, because I can not buy provisions or materials to work on. As stories are in circulation that some one or more of the present candidates were last year in favor of separating the interests of the town from the interests of the county, I beg you to be

so good as to point out who they were. A MECHANIC.

FOR THE GAZETTE. Owing to the very melancholy state of Judge Mill's family, the Fayette Circuit to the leeward of Lima; the Vice King Court has done very little business at the last term. Men, charged with crimes, ere confined in jail. If innocent, they The Kingdom of Great Britain is fur- are entitled to relief; if guilty, their throne, in the birth of a daughter of the procrastinated imprisonment. Whilst prevented from recovering their rights. This induces me to ask, because I am a sufferer, whether the present candidates will exert themselves to improve our court? and whether a story which I once government and other Northern powers. it should be made known to the people, for their information-should have declared that the legislature had no more right to change the law which regulated the Fayette Circuit Court, than they had to legislate him out of his farm. This should be known to the public; because he is a Lawyer, and now, as then, might be disposed to act in the legislature, on the same principle.

A SUITOR.

TO THE EDITORS.

I am somewhat doubtful who I will vote for at our ensuing election; because I do not know the opinions of some of That takes place to-morrow at Mr. R. our candidates as to a few points; and I Chiles's, will afford a fine opportunity desire to be informed. I wish to know which of them were, last winter, and now ble together, and interchange sentiments are, in favor of separating the interests on the different subjects that may reg. of our town and county, by dividing the ulate their votes at the approaching e- representation? I wish to know whethlection. It is expected the meeting will er it is the plan of any of them to effect that measure this year? And I desire the information, because I believe the interests of town and county to be the partner, has issued proposals to contin-same. I am a plain farmer; in the town, I sell my beef, pork, corn, wheat, and other produce, better than elsewhere; and there, I expect to sell these somewhat of an agricultural paper. Of thirty years hereafter; and I cannot concourse this will be interesting at this era sent to ruin the best market I ever had,

A FARMER.

From South America.

BOSTON, July 7. received by Mr. Hooper.

'An Armistice having been made like operations lately cut us off from all intercourse with the interior, it is now hoped that markets will improve.

A change of Directors is expected

Lord Cochrane is expected to succeed in destroying the works at Lima, and capturing the Spanish fleet defending

"Capt. Wooster, of New-York, who some time ago captured the Spanish frigate Maria Isabel, and lately gave in his resignation on account of some misunderstanding with Lord Cochrane, has preserved his rank because the Government was unwilling to dispense with his ser-

'Chevalier Robert, and Mons Lagresse, two Frenchmen, were executed at Buenos Ayses on the 3d of April, for conspiring with Jose Miguel Carrera, against the government of Buenos Ayres and Chili. Their trial has been published. "The whale ships Planter, Chase and Independence, Swain, were in sight of

Valparaiso, Jan. 28. 'The whale ship Factor sailed on the 13th of March from Valparaiso, for the

U. States. 'The brig Ellen-Maria, arrived at Valparaiso, 15th March, in 124 days

An arrival at N. York, on the 13th inst. gives the following information of

from Boston.

the war against Peru.

From the Log Book of the Boxer.

"Feb. 26th-Thick foggy weather; at 3 P. M. saw two frigates standing in for the harbor, under U. S. colours; also one 64, and a sloop of war. The forts commenced firing, which was returned, when the action became general. All oreign merchant vessels having been previously ordered outside of the line of pattle, were placed between two fires they however as soon as possible; made sail and run out of gun shot, without receiving much damage. At 6 P. M. the firing on both sides ceased, and Lord Cochrane anchored about four miles from the forts. The loss sustained by the Spaniards was five killed and several wounded. The loss of the Patriots could not be ascertained. The captain of the Lantaro 44 was very severely wounded, and several other officers. The Patriot ere, and I buy all the provisions which squadron consisted of one 64, two 44 gun frigates, and one sloop of 20 guns, the whole commanded by Lord Cochrane, who had declared all the coast of Peru under blockade, suffering no vessel to go in or out. He had taken : schooner from Baltimore about three miles from the harbor, manned her, and sent her on a cruise to the leward as was

> April 29-Afrived at Valdivia, where the remainder of the Spanish army, under the command of Gen. Saulchez, 2 mounting to 800 men had just arrived, after travelling from Conception.

"April 30-An armed schooner, for merly the Shelby, of New-York, arrived from Lima with dispatches, and money for the troops-I was informed by the captain, that Lord Cochrane had landed 500 men at St. Ancho, a small village had dispatched troops habitants. The troops at Lima are well disciplined, clothed and armed, amounting to 8000 men. It was reported that the American frigate Macedonian, and

FOREIGN.

PHILADELPHIA, JULY 9. The Courier, arrived at New York from Liverpool, has brought the editors of the Franklin Gazette London papers to the 30th of May. The British Parliament have adopted resolutions for the resumption of cash payments by the bank of England, agreeably to the plan reported by the bank committee. A bill to prevent British subjects from enlisting in foreign service, without permission, has been reported in the house of commons; and a circular has been addressed to different quarters, requiring an immediate list of British officers holding Spanish or Portuguese commissions. The Stockholm and other official continental Gazettes positively contradict the rumor that Bernadotte had been required to abdicate the Sweedish crown. The British ministry are stated to have entertained the project of reviving the property tax, but had abandoned it, as they found the general sentiment hostile to it. Rumor said that a malt tax of two millions, and an additional tax on tea and tobacco, were to be laid, but they would be opposed. A deputy from Chili had arrived in London, with a treaty between that republic and Buenos Ayres, obliging themselves to unite in a grand expedition to expel the Spaniards from Peru, and to establish its independence, their troops to withdraw as soon as the object might be accomplished, unless required by Peru to remain for its defence. Gen. Savary lately challenged a young French marine officer at Smyrna, for making some remarks against Napoleon; the challenge was accepted; but Savary, on account of the youth of the officer, thought it best not to fight, but to cane him, and accordingly did i very soundly. The Secretary of the French legation in America, had arrived at Paris, with despatches of importance, as was supposed. M. VALABREQUE, the husband of Madame CATALINI, has arrived in Paris, for the purpose of engag ing a residence for his lady. Madame

CATALINI intends to retire from the stage altogether, and never more to sing in public, even at a concert. The Emperor and the Empress of Austria were From Buenos Ayres, 28th April, 1819, not expected to return to Vienna until August. A monument to the memories of HAYDN and MOZART is about to be with the people of Santa Fe, whose war- erected at Vienna. A great failure took place in London the 24th of May; the event was supposed to be the commencement of general commercial distress.

> CADIZ, MAY S, " Every one here had supposed that all the ships intended for the expedition would have sailed together for the subugation of the revolted colonies; this now does not appear to be the case, as orders have just reached this place from Madrid, directing the departure of the following ships with troops for Lima;the San Telmo and Alexandro men of war, carrying 70 guns each, and the Prueva frigate of 60 guns .- These they say, will get away, if possible, by the 8th or Oth of this month. With regard to the other vessels, it is impossible to tell their destination or when they will sail."

The hay harvest has commenced partially round London, and in the course of a few days will become general. Finer crops of grass were scarcely ever wit-

nessed

A private letter from Rome, dated the 10th instant, gives some melancholy details of the ravages of the plague in Tunis. The town of Tunis has lost half its inhabitants; the terrors of the sword will shortly be added to this dreadful scourge; news has arrived of an insurrection among the Arabs in the Interior, and they are about to march against the capital, to the number of 15,000 horsemen, commanded by a Tripolitan, named Califer-el-Haver. The Tunisian Minisjer had put himself at the head of a body of troops, and marched to repel the invasion.

LIVERPOOL, MAY 26.

The Princess Charlotte packet, from am. to Falmouth, was lost on the 28th, March on the Hogstyes; about \$20,000 were lost. The mail, Captain, crew and passengers, had arrived at Nassau, N. P. and were to proceed to England in the schooner Promise, which vessel had been taken up for the purpose. The packet is stated to have had specie on board to the amount of 320,000 dollars.

night his motion for an inquiry into the

state of the nation. His speech produ-

ced no remarkable effect. His views of

the foreign policy, domestic econonmy,

and trade of the country, were not strik-

LONDON, MAY 19. Mr. Tierney brought forward, last

ng-if we except only the topic of finance. His dialectics were less pressng, and his jokes rather faint, and thinly cattered. The motion was sudden and remature. By bringing it on at this noment he deprived himself of two vew important subjects-the bank restriction, and the budget of the year. Right Hon. Gentleman began with desa canting very uncourteously upon the ad ! ministration, which he taunted and deprecated with some success. The first topic upon which he entered was our foreign relations, which he stated to be quite novel. Europe, he said, was under the tutelage of four powers, of which England was one. At the congress at Aix-la-Chapelle, France was admitted a fifth, and strange enough, in a very short time after, the Duke of Richelieu, a confidence in whose councils had induced the allies to take this step; had scarcely returned to Paris, when I.o. and his administration went to pieces-a new cabinet was formed, and France, so formidable during the war, appeared formidable again. The Right Honoraole Gentleman, after glancing at the Netherlands, passed on to America, condemned the session of the Floridas and the commercial treaty, and observed with great truth, that there was a time when the murder of two British subjects, even though the letter of the law of nations were against us, would not have passed without the demand of a "a blocky and strict account." He then offered a passing prayer for the South Americans, and returned to inquire what ministers had done at home. In the course of 4 years of peace they had, he said, reduced the public debt of 800,000,000/. and uapwards! by the sum of 5,700,000%. and going on at the same rate, they would have further reduced it by 12,000,000%. more! in five years hence! What, he asked, would be the state of the country, encountering a war with such a burden upon its shoulders? The Right Hon. Gentleman concluded his speech with pronuncing sentence upon ministers, and professing his own readiness to pass over with his friends into their places.-Lord Castlereagh replied, and turned the laugh, if not the argument, againt the right honorable gentleman. He spoke in a tone of pleasantry for a considerable time, and excited a great deal of merriment at the expense of his opponent. Upon most of the topics relating to foreign countries, refutation was easy. It is no matter of charge against ministers that France has become formidable. There is, it is true, much of lamentable humiliation in the forbearance of government towards America. With South America we had no right to interfere. But the dreadful difficulties in which the country is placed, and its utter inability to sustain a war, were unanswered and unanswerable by the noble lord.

This is truly a subject of fearful con-templation. We have at least, one source of hope and encouragement. The gentlemen on both sides of the house have the Roman patriotism which does not despair of the commonwealth. The offices of state are besieged and defend-

ed most vigorously. The debate was kept up to a very late sion, by a majority of 357 to 178.

NEW-YORK, JULY, 6. On the 23d of May, the French Budget of expenditures was discussed. M. L. De Villeveque ascended the tribune, and he took occasion to glance at this country, which he termed "a flourishing republic," and observed that the cession of Louisiana consolidated its power. He seemed to dread the probable effects of our power forty years hence, and asks whether France ought not to have interdicted the sale of Louisiana to the U. States. He makes a grand fling at the usurper, Bonaparte, for his conduct in this business, in sacrificing the interests of his country to recruit his treasury for us by giving it publicity, as we have no his own aggrandizement.

A committee of merchants in England have undertaken to oppose the bill in the house of commons to prohibit the enlistment in the cause of the patriots of Spain. They urge that the British government ought not to prevent her subjects from warring against Spain, because at a former period, when Spain was hostile to them, she had encouraged the insubordination of the colonists, and because, by the proposed measure, they cripple the growing commercial relations between England and South America. The Courier condemns the policy of the committee, and observes, "If we cannot continue prosperous by building upon faith and honesty as heretofore, let us rather cease to be a commercial people, than enjoy our commerce in conjunction with perfidy and trick."

A letter has been addressed to the secretary at Lloyd's, by A. Andrade, Esq. the Vice Consul for Portugal, Brazil and Algarves, stating that a truce for two years having been signed, on the 12th April last, between the Kingdom of sent-one hundred and nine voting for Portugal and Regency of Tunis, hostili- it, those against it not being counted. ties between the two states had ceased, and their former relations were established for the above mentioned period.

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated May 19.

A very great sensation has been excited here by the reports respecting the King of Sweden. Some deny the truth foregoing resolution, if adopted by the of them altogether; but there is little banks, will be of considerable importdoubt of their partial correctness. A ance, and have an extensive effect upon Swedish gentlemen who arrived in Paris the community of which we are memfrom Stockholm yesterday, speaks of bers, and one in its character not merely the report as having gained ground in neutral, but productive of either good that country, and of a general determi- or evil, and as at the above meeting the nation in the Swedish people to assert minority against the resolution, though their right against the arbitrary and increasing power of the Emperor of Russia; but, at the same time, he mentions mers of the county voting or being prethe existence of a party similar to our sent; and that as at a former meeting of have since joined them. Ultra-Royalists, who are supposed to be the citizens upon the same subject, the in the interest of Alexander. The re- result was different; it is in our opinion ports, true or false, have had the effect altogether advisable that all the citizens of lowering a great deal of the popular- of the county should assemble on Saturity which Alexander acquired in Paris day, the 31st day of July instant, at the at the expense of the duke of Wellington, who really did that for which Alexander received the thanks of the French nerstown, and express their sentiments nation. They begin to see the difference between a monarch stooping to ob- for and those against the suspension of tain popularity, and a general, in the op-posite extreme, too proud to owe any ky and its branches, and transmit the thing to popular opinion. The regret same immediately to the clerk's office, of the French at their inability to offer in Louisville, that the general sense of assistance to Bernadotte, in the event of the county upon this interesting subject any real act of hostility towards him, is may be fully ascertained.

coronation will certainly take place on ton, Judge Story pronounced the result peace shall be continued. If the chil- for inspection. The scene was of the the 25th of August. The exiles whom of the dehberation of the court in the dren from seven to fourteen years old most pleasing nature; hundreds had asit was lately proposed to recall from banishment, are Marshal Soult, General piracy in October last, and in whose be-Grouchy, Gen. Pire, M. Real, and Col. half a motion in arrest of judgment had lects; and they will all speak and under-Millinet. The language in which their been argued at the present term by stand the English language. You have and so nearly equal were they in petitions were drawn up, was highly in- Messrs. Austin and Spooner. The judge witnessed what has already been done on judicious. They proceeded upon such declared that the questions before the the east side of the Mississippi; but to that three of the most respectable coopgrounds as were calculated rather to of- court were novel in their nature, impor-

Extract of a letter dated Hamburg, May 8, 1819.

The prospect of trade between the United States and this port for the ensuing year is very bad, and I cannot recommend my friends to make any shipments to this port from the United States, as our markets at present are bad."

and most intelligent men in this place, States in different indictments. Some he advises me to suggest to my friends for piratically plundering a Spanish ves-not to touch Cotton over 6d per lb. as sel off the coast of Cuba, \$10,000 in he is in possession of accounts faom In-dia, Brazils and South America, and in perior, a vessel of Baltimore, of watches,

fine and abundant. this day, which speaks a more intelligithe worst is not yet over, because the be disposed of here, or at any market abroad-therefore, more heavy failures must yet take place. Java Rice sold the 20th for 11s. 6d. and old Java Coffee at 84s. Jamaica Coffee, first quality, 105s. logical Map of Universal History," pubwhich last January, was 170 a 175; Cot. ished by Barfield, in London, in 1817, ton, 114d. from which you may judge of 'n noting the events from 1811 to 1816 the state of things here."

May 18.

We hasten to inform you that advices have been this day received from Lisbon, of a duty having been levied on all foreign wheat and Indian corn, import ed into this country, say 80 rs per al quere on wheat, and 100 do. on Indian corn-to take place from the date of the decree, 13th inst. This must put ; stop to all speculations in those articles to this from your country, as soon as it becomes known with you; and we trust as they cannot fail to prove ruinous.

The suddenness of this decree is certainly very unjust, and you will oblige time to advise our friends generally."

DOMESTIC.

From the Louisville Public Advertiser.
TOWN MEETING.

At a meeting of the citizens of Jeffer. on county, convened at the court house in Louisville, on Friday, the 16th day of July, 1819, pursuant to public notice, given a short time before, to take into consideration the distresses and embarrassments under which a large portion of the citizens of Kentucky at present labor, and to deliberate upon the means most likely to afford relief against impending ruin, colonel Richard Taylor of the said county was chosen chairman and James W. Thornberry, secretary. tim to the distressing element. The The meeting being then addressed by M. Thruston, James D. Breckenridge Worden Pope, Isaac Gwathmey, R W. S. Grayson, the following resolution was adopted by a majority of those pre-

Resolved, That the Bank of Kentucky and its branches ought to suspend for a time the payment of its notes with spe-

RICHARD TAYLOR, Pres'dt.

J. W. THORNBERRY, Sec. The undersigned deem it not improper to remark, that, inasmuch as the seat of their several election precincts, held at Louisville, Middletown, and Bruthereupon, stating the number of those

fend than conciliate his majesty, who re- tant in principle, and interesting to the fuses to comply with the prayer of the public and the prisoners in their result; petitioners, though some of them were and that after mature deliberation, it zealously supported by the duke of An- was thought advisable to certify a differgouleme, and had the suffrage of minis- ence of opinion on the leading question of the cause. Thereupon, at the instance of the District Attorney, the record will be transmitted to the supreme court of the United States, which convenes at Washington, on the first Mon-

day of February next.

RICHMOND, JULY 9. The Federal Court for this circuit Chief Justice Marshall on the bench) commenced a special term on Monday last, for the purpose of trying the sea-Extract of a letter from an intelligent men, lately on board the armed brig Ir-American merchant, dated at London, resistible, who were sent up from Nor-May 22.

In conversation with one of the first charged by the Attorney for the United every quarter the crops are remarkably ewelry &c. Some of the crew were indicted for receiving the property stolen "The debate in Parliament last eve- from the Superior. The Grand Jury hing, has lowered the funds 31 per cent. found true bills; and on Wednesday last they were put to the bar (in irons,) ble language than any I can use, of the to the number of 21, and separately artimes; and which exposes the situation raigned. They were asked if they had of this country, at present occasioned by provided themselves with counsel, to the immense debt due from the govern- which they replied in the negative. The ment to the bank, which they cannot pay, Chief Justice then informed that the but must impose additional burdens to court would assign them counsel, and raise the supplies of the year—the effect requested to know if they had any preyou plainly perceive and hear from all ference. One mentioned Mr. Andrew quarters, and it is to be regretted that Stevenson, another Mr. W. Wickham, to which the court added Messrs. Boulgreat stocks of produce on hand cannot din and Gilmer. The trial is fixed for Monday next.

> BRITISH CANDOR. We have now before us a " Chrono-

most of the signal and brilliant victories been made in this edition, and we think of our navy and army over the British | for the better; not the least of which are mentioned are stated in terms cal- rate engravings, from designs by Alssuch or such a day; these inflated expressions constantly meet the eye in trathat, before this reaches you, you will cing this chronological table. But the not have entered into any speculations, capture of the British fleet on Lake Erie, of the Guerriere, of the enemy's squadron on Champlin, of the Macedonian, and other splendid events for America, are entirely passed over in silence; and the unexampled and glorious victory of General Jackson is merely glanced at as " the expedition to New-Orleans and the Mississippi, defeated Dec. 22 to Jan. 27! It is by this species of deception and fraud, that the British attempt to illustrate their own deeds and their national character, and to obscure those of other nations. Franklin Gazette.

CHARLESTON, JULY 6.

Dreadfal Conflagration. About I o'clock this morning, the lumbers of our citizens were disturbed by the appalling cry of Fire! The house occupied by Mr. Robert Brodie, as a bakery, in Meeting, one door from the corner of Market street, was the first vicflames soon communicated to the adjoin-Messrs. William Bullitt, jun. Charles ing houses on either side, all being of wood, and spread with tremendous rapidity, both in Meeting and Market sts. Rudd, Fortunatus Cosby, and Frederick | The progress of the fire was not checkled until ten houses on Meeting and six on Market street, were either reduced to ashes, blown up, or pulled down. All of them except two were of wood. At least as many workshops, kitchens, and other out houses shared a similar fate. Providentially the wind was light, or the flames must have spread over the whole western section of the city. This is supposed to have been the work of an in-

Testimony of a Veteran Officer.

The following letter was recently re-

cived from the venerable col. Meigs.

City of Washington, March 15, 1819.

Sir—The number of Cherokees on the river Atkansaw, including those enrolled and now about to remove, are eschildren. Those chiefs whom you addressed at the Cherokee agency, arrived safe in that country. Great numbers

There must now be several hundred children there, at a proper age to receive instruction. While the stream is small it is easily

directed to any course desired. I mean, that the minds of those children can be led to embrace such sentiments, as will direct them to that desirable point contemplated by your honorable society. I hope the means of improvement will be as liberally extended to them, as has been any real act of hostility towards him, is sincere; but, say they, England must protect him, for Sweden is a bulwark to the encroachments of Russia."

In some private letters from Paris, it is said that the King's health is consi derably improved of late, and that the drawing improved of late, and that the correction, Judge Story pronounced the result of the continued. If the chill-peace shall be continued to the peace shall be continued. If the chill-peace shall be continued to the cannot be altered.

It is, independent of benevolence, the interest of our country, to make ample provision for the instruction of all the In-United States. It may be said, this made by the under-named apprentices would require a million of dollars; ad- were selected. First Premium, to John mit it to be true, and yet this would be Anthony Weeks, an apprentice to John the most well devised economy. We must do this, or expend ten times as experience; and the same may be expected to happen again, unless prevented by attaching the Indians to us by giving them the useful arts and the knowledge of letters; and this will assuredly give them moral sentiments and religion. Five hundred Indians situated in the wilderness, distant from our settlements, could not be reduced without the expenses arising from two or three campaigns; and these expenses would amount to millions of money, and the loss of many lives. All this may be pre- and will again undergo the same punvented, by prosecuting the measures of ishment on Wednesday next, being the civilization on such an extensive scale, first part of their sentence, for stealing as its importance will justify. And what and inhumanly beating the child of Mr. can be more honorable, than by liberal, James Poole, a few weeks since. The and economical measures, to save from crowd was great, but the criminals were extinction so many thousand human be- no otherwise insulted than by words. ings, make them happy, and at the same time strengthen the empire. These observations are not visionary; they are practicable; the road is as plain as from Washington to the place of your resi-

I am, dear sir, with great respect, your obedient servant. R. J. MEIGS. Jeremiah Evarts, Esq.

KNICKERBOCKER.

We observe with great pleasure the publication, in this city, of a new and elegant edition of Kaickerbocker's History of New York. We view the beauty of the execution of this work with the more is of the genuine French importation.

Cheapside, No. 7, July 21-304 all the skirmishes and engagements is satisfaction, as we hope it will be a mean

hour, and the motion rejected, on a divi- Extract of a letter from Oporto, dated which the British gained the advantage of rendering its circulation, at home, over the Americans, in the late war, are commensurate with the reputation it encarefully published and magnified; while joy abroad. Some atterations have are not even hinted at, and the few which we consider the substitution of two first culated entirely to disguise their merit on and Leslie, for the view of New nd importance. The Americans were York, which was certainly no ornament defeated or repulsed at such and such to the earlier editions. The genius of places; American frigates captured on the author; it seems, is not disposed to slumber. In the Sketch Book of Geof frey Crayon, Gent. the first number of which we noticed in our last, he has given us an assurance, that he still looks towards the scenes, and cherishes the feelings, which animated the historian of Peter Stuyvesant .- Franklin Gaz.

From the St. Louis Enquirer.

PRESENTMENT

Of the Grand Jury of the county of St. Charles We, the undersigned, Grand Jurors from the body of the county of Saint Charles, Missouri territory, duly summoned to attend the sitting of the circuit court for the county aforesaid, beg leave to present to the honorable court that we deem it our privilege and duty to take notice of our grievances of a public nature; that amongst the various duties assigned us, we do present, that the congress of the United States, at the last session, in attempting to restrict the people of Missouri, in the exercise and enjoyment of their rights as American freemen, in the formation of their state constitution, assumed an unconstitutional power, having the direct tendency to usurp the privileges of our state sovereignties; privileges guaranteed by the declaration of American rights, the constitution of the United States, the treaty of cession, and the blood of our fathers who achieved our independence; that it is a restriction heretofore without precedent or parallel as it regards the admission of territories into the union of the states, and if persisted in by those members of congress who at the last session proved themselves opposed to, and inimical to the growth and prosperity of our happy and luxuriant country, will be in our opinion, a direct attack and infringement on the sacred rights of state sovereignty and independence, and the tocsin of alarm to all the friends of union, and our republican form of government.

Although we much deplore an existing political difference of opinion with timated to be 5000, men, women and the majority of the House of Representatives of the last congress, who introduced and supported the restriction, yet we consider it our bounden duty as freemen, and as republican members of the great American family, to take a dignified stand against any assumption or usurpation of rights, from whatsoever quarter it may come, and to support the constitution of the United States, as the anchor of our political hope.

SAMUEL WELLS, Foreman.

done to those on the E. of the Mississippie. I have no doubt the aid of the government will be extended as far as the vernment appropriation will justify it. And as a of machinery has excited much curiosispirit of liberality seems to pervade all ty, and is said to be a flattering speci-

goodness and superior workmanship, ing the young children. The sentiments spectors, had some considerable difficulof those of adult years, a few excepted, ty in determining how to award the premiums. At the trying moment, the solicitude of the lads who made the casks can be more easily imagined than described. But as it was necessary that dian children, within the limits of the the premiums should be fixed, the casks Hunt, Colær's Hook, 20 dollars. Second Prumium, to David Moore, apprentice much in Indian wars. We know this by to S. Moore, in Moore street, 10 dollars Third Premium, to Henry Blaw, apprentice to R. & H. Speir, in Depeyster street, 5 dollars. The inspectors were Messrs. Christopher Gallow, Francis Johnson, and Robert M'Cullen. It is a pleasing fact that there was not a single bad cask among them. - Bos. gaz. Fine Jewelry, Watches &c.

BALTIMORE, JULY 7. in the Pillory erected in the jail yard,

Married,

On Tuesday the 27th, by the Rev. A. Dud y, Dactor Henry E. Innes, to Miss Nancy Webb

The Lexington Bath house ON WATER-STREET, IS now in repair for those who may wish to I enjoy the healthful luxury of Warm or Cold Bathing.

Lexington, July 23. COLOGNE WATER.

500 Bottles or this admirable water, just received and for sale by JAMES M. PIKE, who considers no other recommendation necessary than to assure the public that it

Masonic.

WILL SEEMS WILL ASSONIC HALL occupied by Lexington Lodge, No. 1.
J. TOWLER, Sec'y. July 30, A. D. 1819, A. L. 5819.

Tammany Society.



MEETING of the Tammany Society, or Brethren of the Columbian Order, will be held at their Wigwam, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, precisely at the going down of the sun. It is hoped that the brethren will give punctual attendance.

By order of the Grand Sachem,

JOSHUA NORVELL, Sec. P. T. Month of Horns 30, } Y. D. 327.

Commission & Storage.

W.M. B. DEWITT & CO. Commission Merchants, NEW ORLEANS,

James Morrison,
Henry Clay,
Charles Wilkins,
J. W. Hunt. Lexington, July 28-31tf

A BARBECUE

WILL be given at CHILESBURG, on Sat urday the 31st day of the presen h. RICHARD CHILES. July 16th, 1819.—29

10 Dollars Reward. STOLEN from the subscriber between the 18th and 20th inst. from Mr. Banton's lot, at the forks of the Frankfort road, three-fourths of a mile from Lexington, a BROWN MARE, six years old, about fourteen hands high, branded with the letter U on her left oulder, has two very small white spots, on on her forehead and another on the back of her left ear, a small lump on her back, occasioned by the saddle. It is strongly presumed that she has been carried to the county of

Lexington, July 26—31-3t J. DEVERIN.

Ohio Money Wanted. WE will receive in payment for DRY GOODS bought at our store, notes of nearly all the Ohio Banks, many of them at par. ARCAMBAL & NOUVEL. Lexington, July 30th, 1819 --- - 31-3

Notice.

COUNTRY HATTERS and others wishing to purchase EEAVER FUR by the small quantity, may be supplied by calling on the following gentlemen: Mr. SAMUEL HENSLEY, of Frankfort; Mr. JOEL P. WILLIAMS of Harrodsburgh; and Mr. SAMUEL PILKERTON, of Lexington, at the House of

50 Dollars Reward.

low, about 35 or 40 years of age; and has above reward will be given for apprehending and confining said negroes so that I can ge them; and all necessary expenses if brough home.

ISAAC WELLBORN. Clarksville, July 19. 31-3t

Favette county, Set., May 1, 1819. Fayette county, one SORREL toree year old, supposed to be a Stud Colt, 13½ handhigh, all-its feet white; a star and snip; ap praised to \$9 50 before me.

31* SAMUEL BLAIR, J. P. A copy. Att. J. C. RODES, clerk.

TAKEN up by Moses Baldwin, 4 miles from Lexington, Limestone road, a SOR. REL MARE, with a bald face, flaxen man and tail, 4 years old, 15 hands high, a few white spots on her back, a small white ring around her jaw, appraised to \$60 before MATTHEW ELDER, j. p. f. c. April 17, 1819.____31

HENRY FLETCHER. Corner of Main-street and Jordan's Row, Has just received an additional assortment of

WHICH, with his former stock, comprises the largest assortment to be found in Nancy Gamble and Maria Thomas, stood this morning from 9 to 10 o'clock, Rich Gold Patent Lever Watches, best quality Rich Gold Horizontal Watches, best quality Silver Patent Lever do do Plain Silver do do Gentlemen's fine Gold Chains, Seals and Keys

Ladies' Fillagree Chains, Seals and Keys Rich Pearl, Fillagree and Patent Diamond Ear-Rings, Breast-Pins and Finger-Rings Jett Ear-Rings, Breast Pins and Finger-Rings Ladies' Thread Cases, Pocket Books & Purses Silver Spoons, Ladies, Sugar Tongs &c Do Peneil casses, Thimbles & Fruit Knives. Plated Castors, Candlesticks, Snuffers & Trays Elegant French Mantle Time Pieces e Desk and Pocket Knives, Scissors and Razors All of which will be sold at very reduced pri-

N. B. All kinds of Watches repaired by first rate workman, and warranted. Jewelry made to order, and every article of Jewelry repaired in the neatest manner: Watch-makers

ools and materials of the best quality. Wanted, N hire, for 12 months, a Negro Woman acquainted with cooking and washing. Enquire at the Gazette Office. July 9.

Blank Deeds FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

AUCTION.

NOTICE

To Stationers, Books llers and Merchants. On MONDAY the 9th of AUGUST NEXT,

AT 10 o'clock A. M. WILL BE SOLD, 64 REAMS Superroyal Printing PAPER.

20 do. Medium 20 Gross Paste Boards, 17 Reams Fools Cap Writing, No. 1.

do. do. No. 2. do. No. 3. 19 POT LETTER.

1 SIDEBOARD, 1 Barrel BRANDY^c 5 Barrels rectified WHISKEY. Terms made known on the day of Sale by SHREVE & COMBS,

Aucr's. & Com. Merchants. July 23, 1819.—30-2

THEATRE.

Mr. Drake & Sons, RESPECTFULLY inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington and its environs,

that they will open the Theatre for a short period, commencing on, or about the first of SEPTEMBER next. The favor and patronage hitherto confered on the institution, and its direction, they are proud to acknowledge, and are solicitous still to merit their future countenance and support.

Lexington, July 23-40-3t

NEW GOODS.

Arcambal & Nouvel, HAVE just received, and are now opening at their Store on Main-street, fronting the Old Market place,

A HANDSOME AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Spring and Summer Goods,

CONSISTING OF Elegant spriged & Plain CANTON CRAPES, Black and assorted colors,
aperb Thread Laces and Edgings
Lace Shawls and Veils, black and White
4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 7-4 and three cornered Merino
Shaws, assorted colors
Prunelle and Morocco Shoes, with and without heels, black and assorted colors
Exercise Sill Helbank Good Shoels

Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs and Shawls Lace Pillerines and Embroidered Trimmings Best quality black Double Leventine and Flor ences Do. do Lutestring and Mantua Do. Bombazien and Bombazetts

Figered Levantines and Sattins
5-4 black and white Silk Lace and 4-4 Crapes Plain and figered Hibbons and Gauzes Figered and plain Jackonett, Book, Mull and Leno Muslins Cambric and 6-4 Carlisle Ginghams Pink cross-barred and Jaconett Shawls Black and white Silk and Cotton Hose,

Corded Velvet and Velveteen London Superfine and common CLOTHS and CASSIMERES Blue, mixed and brown Cassinetts Stripe Jeans and Cotton Cassimeres
Super white and printed Marsailles and other

Vestings Steam Loom and Cambric Shirtings Trish Linens and Long Lawns
Russia, Bird-eye and Damask Diappers
Lines and cotton Checks
Light and Dark Calicoes Furniture and Cambric Dimities Black and cross barred Silk Handkerchiefs Company Flag and Bandanna do.
Silk, Cotton and Worsted 1-2 Hose
Buck-skin, Dog-skin, Beaver, Kid and Silk

Linen Cambric and Marking Canvas
Domestic Chip Hats, Work-Baskets, Bed Tick
Sheeting, Shirting, Chambrays, Stripes,
Plaids, Furniture checks, coloured Jeans

Hemp and Flax Linen, Socks, Thread &c.,

and Saucers, Teas, Sugars. Creams, Pitch-

Ewrs &c. And a General Assortment of Hard Ware & Paper Hangings, All of which are offered at very reduced prices. Lexington, June 11, 1819-24-7

ers, Salad Dishes, Soup Turcens, Basons and

Notice.

A MEETING of the members of the Ken-tucky society for promoting Agriculture, will take place at FOWLER'S GARDEN, adjoining Lexington, on the last Thursday in next joining Lexington, on the last Thursday in next September, and continue for three days, at which time and place the Society will award 23 SILVER CUPS: one to each of the articles named below. Members are requested to be punctual in their attendance.

To the best Gelding, a Siver Cup.

Sucking Colt do. do. " Imported or country sraised Bull, Silver Cup. " " Do. do. do. Cow, do. do.

years old, Do. do Silver Cup. do. between 2 & 3 Silver Cup. years old, " " Do. do. do. between 1 & 2
years old, Silver Cup.
years old, Silver Cup.
" Bull Calf not exceeding 12 months

Silver Cup. old, Silver Cup.
Country bred Cow, do. do.
Heifer between 3 & 4 years old,

" " Do. do. 2 & 3 yrs. old, do. do.
" Do. do. 1 & 2 yrs. old, do do.
" Heifer not exceeding 12 months old, Silver Cup. Carpeting manufactured in private families, Silver Cup. Hemp or flax linen manufactured

in private families, Silver Cup.
Table linen manufactured in pri-Table linen manufactured in private families,

Silver Cup.

Silver Cup.

Silver Cup.

milies, Silver Cup. Cassinett or Jeans manufactured in private families, Silver Cup. Whiskey, not less than 100 galls. of this year's make, Silver Cup. Cheese of the present year's make

" Wheat, quality, quantity and excellence of crop will be considered

It is confidently believed, that much fine ock will be exhibited, and much bought and old within the three days of the Fare : therefore, those who either wish to sell or purchase will do well to attend.

H. TAYLOR, JAS. SHELBY, ROBT. WICKLIFFE, ROBT. CROCKETT, E. WARFIELD,



[At the request of one of our subscribers and friends, we insert the following effusions The first was occasioned by the death of Mr NATHANIEL TAYLOR, a student of the Transylvania University, and son of Major Jonathan Taylor of Union county, Ky. The second was communicated by a distant friend of the de ceased Mrs. Duke, consort of Mr. Thomas Duke of Mason, and daugter of Maj. Taylor.]

From the Paris Citizen. WITH slow and solemn pause why tolls that

Does not some dust to kindred dust return? Say busy citizen-for thou canst tell. Whose spirit's flown, whose ashes seek an urn This small, sad, silent group who slowly move, The big round drops that tremble in their eyes Some broken cord that bound to him who dies. A stranger youth has bid the world farewell. Of tender years--from Transylvania's walls, Hither he came, where some fond kindred dwell,

Those are the mourners-hence the tear that falls.

Short was his sojourn, far his father's home, Down near Ohio's placid spreading stream, With lov'd collegiates, hither did he come; But life pass'd from him like a fleeting dream And is it done! his father was not nigh, And she that bore him, she was distant far; His quiv'ring lips receiv'd no father's sigh, No mother's bosom welcom'd the parting war Tis done! thy struggle's o'er! peace to thy Short was thy course, thy sun went dowe e're

Statesman and patriot, what thou might'st have Who now can tell, clos'd is the scene too soon. Thy Heavenly father's thy preceptor now, Bis will is just, what he ordains is right: To him let living mortals humbly bow, his ways seem dark, but he is truth and light

Young as thou wert, affliction cross'd thy way, Of a lov'd sister death, had thee bereft, Keen was thy grief -- she call'd thee not to stay, Meek, tho' resign'd unwilling to be left. The tear shall dim thy young companions' eyes and prove thy worth, for youth still love the

And oft thy fate shall cause their swelling sighs For kind thou wert, with gentleness imbued. And they that came with thee return'd again, Return'd but not with thee, for here thou art! Ah! little thought they, how that hope was

That leaving thee, they would not always part. Yes, in this stranger-village thou must rest, And thy cold dust in silence here repose, Till that bright morning, when the saintly blest Shall rise to life—to triumph o'er their woes.

MRS. DUKE. 55 Death, ere thou strik'st another, Kind, and soft and good as she, Time shall cast his dart at thee." "Lo! where you silent willow weeps A friend, a wife, a mother sleeps; A heart, within whose sacred cell, The peaceful virtues loved to dwell Affection warm, and faith-sincere, And soft humanity were there. Her infant image here below, Sits smiling on a Father's woe: Whom what awaits while yet he strays Along the lonely vale of days? A pang, to secret sorrow dear; A sigh; an unavailing tear; Till time shall every grief remove, With life, with memory, and with love."

Prices Current at N w Orleans, May 31st, 1819, by Peter Quince & Co. Cash-3 or 4 pr. ct. pr. mo. above par

-very scarce-in great demand-and advancing in value. Credi -below par; still declining;-

very little good in market; much want-

Confidence-Nominal. Commission Merchants-Ditto ditto fluctuating.

Dust, (fine)-very plenty; low at present; but will rise the first fair wind. Duns-Plenty and dull.

Discount at Banks-very scarce, and in demand; can be obtained only through

Diseases and Filfth-plenty at all seasons; witness the hospital and gutters. Fragant odours-plenty, plenty; "you -may nose them" at every corner of the

Fleas-plenty; but lively. Failures-A bad article; expected to be plenty in August and September. Long faced gentry, (not Jack-Asses

-plenty and dull-daily increasing. Musquitoes-A great many in market-no sale-Louisiana, perhaps, produces the finest in the world, but altho' they make a great noise at home, yet

they are never exported. Notaries Public-plenty; brisk, and in demand.

Promises-plenty; but good for nothing.

Raw Hide-much used; but cheap. Religion-beginning to get in usebeing a new article in this countay; the prices nominal, and the demand limited; depends in a great measure on the prevalence of the Yellow Fever.

Shaving-brisk; especially just before 3 o'clock, P. M. Water, (fresh)-plenty, but rather gular at 1 picaion per bucket full.

Bills of Exchange—plenty, a mere drug in market—would scarcely be accepted by any body.

From London Papers. ROYAL ACADEMY .- On Saturday the Royal Academicians gave their anniversary dinner to their patrons, previously to the public exhibition of the painting and statuary this day. The company was splendid, and comprehended persons of the highest taste and most liberal feelings towards the English school, too numerous for us to insert. Their testimo ny in favour of the exhibition of the year, was unusually high in its commendation. There are a number of very su perior works. Portraits as usual pre dominate, for the social affections of our countrymen lead them to possess and to preserve the resemblances of the dear and interesting objects of their love, rather than fill their houses with specimens of historic or of landscape beauty, however rich and valuable to the amateur. Though we deplore the very limited encourgement to the higher branches of the art, yet we certainly must sym-Say does not this some robb'd affection prove, pathize in the domestic sentiment that thus perpetuates the features, & strengthens the bonds of family attachment.

Mr. Calcott has a magnificent landscape, full of interest and science. It is a scene in Holland. Mr. Turner has three fine landscapes, which he has executed with his usual skill for effect, viz. England; Richmond-hill on the Regent's Birth-day; and The Entrance of the Meuse, with a Vessel going to Pieces .-Mr. WILKIE has the picture executed for the Prince Regent, entitled The Penny Wedding, which abounds in variety of character. Mr. Howard has a beautiful Historical Picture; and we rejoice to observe some admirable efforts of oung artists in this department. Si Roger de Coverley surrounded by his Tenants in the Church-yard, by Mr. LESLIE, an American Student, is full o interest; and A Scene at the Door of a Post Office, with the groupes receiv ing and reading their letters, is dexter ously managed. In the line of portraits, the absence of our most highly gifted painter, Sir Thomas Lawrence, is to be lamented; but there are a num ber of truly valuable portraits. Mr. Owen shines with great splendor; Mr. Shee, Sir WILLIAM BEECHEY, Mr. HOWARD. &c. exeel. We regret that we see noth ing this season from the able hand of Mr THOMPSON.

Mr. West has a fine sketch of Resurrection, and another of Ceasar readng the History of Alexander's exploits Mr. Pope presents us with a beautifu study of Moss Roses from Nature, conained in a China-bottle. In the department of Sculpture, there are several most excellent busts; and of Architecture a number of very fine specimens particularly a Cenotaph, now erecting to the memory of Mr. Pitt. The exhibi tion consist of no less than 1250 performances, the greatest number, we believe, that has ever been exhibited.

Thomas Essex & Co.

BOOKBINDERS & STATIONERS ESPECTFULLY inform their friends at the public that they have removed their blishment next door to the store now oc cupied by Messrs. Holderman, Pearson & Co pposite the court house, on Main street, here they will constantly keep on hand-Blank Books, of every description. Banks, Public Offices and Merchants, can be supplied with every thing in their line, on the best terms and on the shortest notice. They have now for sale a quantity of Writing and Wrapping Paper, School Books, &c.

N. B.—A first rate Workman, well recom-mended, will meet with liberal wages and conmended, will meet with meet above. stant employ by applying as above. March 19-12tf

Timord, Trotter & Co. HAVE FOR SALE, GOLD AND SILVER PATENT LEVER WATCHES,

For sale at Philadelphia prices.
BOLTING CLOTHS, from No. 3 to 7. exington, May 10, 1819-201f

Cash in Hand

Will be given for 2 NEGRO BOYS and GIRL of an unexceptionable character. June, 3d, 1819—23tf

Jesse Bledsoe. TILL PRACTICE LAW regularly in the Fayette Circuit Court. Good Fees paid, will insure his best exertions. Paris, May 13th, 1819.-21-6t

Eagle Powder Mills. 3½ MILES SOUTH OF LEXINGTON, ON THE HICKMAN ROAD,

William Roman & Tilford, Trotter & Co. UNDER THE FIRM OF Roman, Trotter & Co.

Manufacture GUN-POWDER, Which they will warrant of equal quality to my made in the United States Orders will be punctually attended to, and

ROMAN, TROTTER & Co. Lexington, K. May 5, 1819.-19tf

The above to be published in the Fredomia Chilicothe ; the Inquisitor, Cincinnati ; the Put ic Advertiser, Louisville; the, Sun, Vincennes he Clarion, Naskville; the Enquirer, St. Louis he Eagle, Maysville, two mouths, and their bill

o be forwarded to R. T. & Co. HEMP. THE HIGHEST PRICE CASH IN HAND,

Given for Hemp, Delivered at the Rope Walk formerly the property of James Kerns, dec'd on Water HENRY WATT.

Lexington, February 5, 1819-tf Five Dollars Reward. STOLEN from the subscriber, living in Lexington, on Saturday night the 17th inst a BAY HORSE, five years old, about 15 hands high, and well made, no brand nor white recollected; has the mark of the halter collar; has lost the sight of both eyes, and his hoofs are worn flat by working on an inclined wheel. Any person delivering said horse, shall be entitled to the above reward.

summer advances; at present, sales re- Lexington, July 19, 1819.—30°3

An Agricultural Paper.

The American Farmer,

JOHN S. SKINNER, POST-MASTER OF BALTIMORE.

AND PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING. THE AMERICAN FARMER is printed on A sheet of paper, of the best quality, size of a common newspaper, and folded so as to make eight pages, and by that means admits of beinveniently bound up and preserved i

The matters treated of in the American Farmer are, Agriculture, Gardening, Interna Improvements, Domestic Economy, and new in entions and discoveries connected with these subjects. It contains, also, each week, a correct account of the prices of the principal aricles of country produce in the Baltimor market, ascertained by actual sales, which are

The American Farmer takes no concern in party politics—nor will it contain any adver-isements, except a single insertion of such as relate to seed, agricultural implements, remarkable live stock, books on farming, an such other notices as are connected in their

nature with the objects of the paper. Numerous diagrams and cuts are inserted n order to show more clearly the construc tion of new and improved implements of hus pandry, or to illustrate particular systems of cultivation

Twelve numbers have already appeared, nd a second edition having been issued to supply the extraordinary demand, complete files may yet be had, on early application.

The price of the American Farmer is FOUR y in advance, or the whole amount, as the bscriber likes best. The money to be re mitted by mail, to the Editor at his risk and cost. The file will be immediately and securey put up, and sent to any part of the United States. No notes will be received except those of specie paying banks.

Should any subscriber feel dissatisfied on the

eccept and perusal of the numbers then issued, he ill be at liberty to return them to the Editor. ho pledges himself to refund immediately th unt baid by such subscriber.

Any person who shall receive and send on the money for ten subscribers, for a year, wil be entitled to a copy of the paper, or to four dollars, and so in proportion for a smaller or

Baltimore, June 20th, 1819. **The Richmond Enquirer; Norfolk Her ald; Petersburg Intelligencer; Nashville Whig Kentucky Reporter, Gazette and Argus; G: Charleston; Minerva, Raleigh, N. C. and Register, do. will please insert the above eight times, and send their accounts to J. S kinner, Post-master, Baltimore

Notice is hereby Given, THAT I will not pay a note executed by me, payable to William Bowner, twelve nonths after date, for \$66 75 cents, date of he note not recollected, it being given in payment for a Horse which is unsound.

—JAMES KINDRED.

July 12th, 1819.—29*3 White Flint Glass Works,

Wellsburgh, Brooke County, Va. THE company that formerly carried on the GLASS WORKS of this place, having de lined the business last November, we have aken the works, and now have them in blast ared to fill any orders in the White Flint & Green Hollow

Glass line.

We will attend particularly to the blowers, and have the ware well shaped, correct sized, and each size uniformly the same, of the very best quality, and always at the lowest Pittsburgh prices, to customers on a liberal credit. Any orders sent to the Commission Merchants of Wheeling, Va. will be immediately filled and sent to Wheeling or otherwise, as may be directed, and all orders directed to the subscri bers per mail or otherwise, will be thankfully received and immediately attended to-also forwarded agreeably to directions, by water or land, without any charge for forwarding. We will at almost all times barter or exchange Glass for any articles of the product or manufacture of other parts of the country, that arly those of Kentucky, Ohio and Missouri

Any persons having articles that they sup-pose would suit us, and wish to barter, wil please make their propositions per mail, and we pledge ourselves to answer without delay JOHN J. JACOB & CO.
May 14, 1819.—24-3m.

Sebree & Johnsons,

CORNER OF MAIN & MILL STREETS,
A early opposite the Branch Bank of the U. S.
AVE just opened, and will constantly keep
on hand, for sale, either by retail or whole

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES. BROAD CLOTHS, NEGRO CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES, BLANKETS, HARD-WARE, CASSINETS. NAILS of every des SATTINETS, KERSEYS, cription, &c. &c.
They will also keep a constant supply of
BANK, PRINTING, WRITING, LETTER,
and WRAPPING PAPER. cription, &c. &c.

Orders from any part of the country will be promptly attended to. Lexington, Jan. 1, 1819-tf

New Commission Warehouse.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE ESTABLISHED A Commission Warehouse,

AT LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, UNDER THE FIRM OF WM. D. DUNCAN & CO.

THE business will be conducted by WM. 1 D. DUNCAN, a young man, who has been in our emplyment for a length of time, and is whose steadiness, abilities and attention to business, we have the most perfect reliance, and solicit our friends and the public indulgence with a share of their patronage; and the same time inform our friends, that WM. D. DUNCAN is authorised to receive any ebts due us at Pittsburgh, whose receipt will

CROMWELL, DOBBIN & PEEBLES. Pittsburgh, May 1st, 1819-21-14t

To the Public.

IN the Kentucky Gazette of the 2d instant, I discovered an advertisement of a certain George P. Welch, headed

TAKE CARE! TAKE CARE!! Cautioning the public not to take assignments 10 cents each. His first Note that I had passed off some time since, was protested on the 29th ult. His take care does not appear to the public until the 2d inst. Judge for your-selves. The note I have myself since I fted and now hold it, and was it not for his happ faculty of taking care, to be absent from the county long enough to prevent me from bringing suit in the present July court, I should have taken special CARE of him. Th pressure of the times must be his applory.

JOHA T EVANN.

Nicholasville, July 10th, 1819.—29 \$2

Hope Powder Mills, One mile west of Lexington, on the Woodfo

JOSEPH & GEORGE BOSWELL, AVE entered into Co-Partnership with SPENCER COOPER, for the purpose of nanufacturing GUN-POWDER, under the

SPENCER COOPER & CO. Who will keep a constant supply of Gun Powder, equal to any made in the United States

and will sell on as good terms.

All orders will be strictly attended to, and they will continue to give the highest price for SALT-PETRE, delivered at J. & G. Bos vell's Store, on Cheapside, Lexington, or at

SPENCER COOPERS CO. Jan. 1, 1819-tf

State of Kentucky: FAVETTE CIRCUIT, Sct.-March Term, 1819

Gilbert Simpson's heirs and representatives Complainants, Thomas Stephens and Gilbert Shore, admin

istrators of John Simpson, decd. &c. Def'ts

IN CHANCERY. T appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon proper affidavit made, that the Deendants, the heirs of Stephen Prather deeased, are unknown to the complainants, and hey having failed to enter their appearance nerein agreeably to law and the rules of this court; on the motion of the Complainants by their counsel, It is Ordered, that unless the

said unknown heirs of Stephen Prather dec'd do appear here on or before the first day of ur next September Term, and answer the omplainant's bill, the same will be taken for onfessed against them; and it is further or dered, that a Copy of this order be inserted in some authorized newspaper published in Lexgton for two months successively. A Copy.

THOS. BODLEY, C. F. C. C

Lex. June 18-25 State of Kentucky,

FATETTE CIRCUIT, Sct.-June Term, 1819. William Shoot & James Shoot, complainants Against

Nelson Hundley, Charles Hundley and Elizabeth Clarke, defendants,

IN CHANCERY. IN CHANCERY.

THIS day came the complainants aforesaid by their counsel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, Nelson Hundley, is no inhabitant of this commonwealth, and he having failed to enter his more having agreeably to law and the lexington appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court: On the motion of the Plaintiff, by his counsel, it is ordered, that unless the said defendant, Nelson Hundley, do appear here on or before the first day of our ext September Term, and answer the complainant's bill, the same will be taken for con essed against him: And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised newspaper published in this state eight weeks successively.

A copy. Attest, THOMAS BODLEY, c. f. c. c.

State of Kentucky. Fayette Circuit, Sct.—June Term, 1819. Samuel Meredith, complainant,

John Breckinridge's heirs & others, defendt's IN CHANCERY.

THIS day came the complainant aforesaic by his counsel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants David S. Garland and Jane his wife, Willia Armstead and Sarah his wife, and Jane Mer ith, are no inhabitants of this commonwealt and they having failed to enter their appear nce herein agreeably to law, and the rules of his court, on motion of the complainant b is counsel: It is ordered, that unless the sai defendants, David S. Garland, and Jane hi ife, William Armstead and Sarah his wife and Jane Meredith, do appear here on or be fore the first day of our next September term and answer the complainant's bill herein, th ame will he taken for confessed against them And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised news paper published in this state, for two months uccessively. A copy. Att. THOS. BODLEY, c. f. c. c.

Mercer Circuit, Sct. JUNE TERM, 1819. Jacob Yankey, Complainant,

lames Rice, George Rice, Jefferson Rice Elizabeth Anderson, Thomas Lewis and An his wife, John Jamison and Polly Jefferson David Shaw and Nancy his wife, William Conner, Jr. Hardin Gray and Polly his wife Fielding Comer, Susan Conner and William Overstreet, heirs &c. of Fisher Rice, decd and the unknown heirs &c. of William Chap man, decd., Defendants.

IN CHANCERY. HE unknown heirs of William Chapman decd. having failed to enter their app ance or answer the complainant's bill herein according to law and the rules of this court and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said heirs are no inhabitants of this ommonwealth: On the motion of the complain int, therefore, by his counsel, it is ordered that unless the said defendants, the unknown heirs of William Chapman, deed shall appear here on or before the 1st day of our next September term of this court, and file their answers to the complainant's bill herein, the ame will be taken against them as contessed and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted for two callanders nonths successively in some public newspape of this commonwealth, authorised by law t make such publication.

A copy. Atteste, 27-2m. THO. ALLIN, c. c.

State of Kentucky, Madison Circuit, set.—June Term, 1819. Green Clay, complainant,

Robert Mosely's Heirs, defendants.
IN CHANCERY.

ON motion of the complainant, and it ap pearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants, Arthur Mosely, Robert Mosely, William Mosely, Peter Mosely, Daniel Mosely, William Davis, and Easter his wife, late Easter Mosely, Judith Bondurant, widow of J. Bondurant, late Judith Mosely, Daniel Jones and Elizabeth his wife, late Elizabeth Mosely, Edward Bondurant, and Magdalin is wife, late Magdalin Mosely, are no infla itants of this commonwealth, and they having failed to enter their appearance herein agree ably to law and the rules of this court,—It is ordered, that unless the said absent defend ints appear here, on or before the first day of ur next September term, and file their ar swers herein to the complainant's bill, the And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized newspa per of this state, for two months successively

A copy—Teste,
DAVID IRVINE, c. m. c. c. WAKEN up by Archa Jackman, near the Hickman road, Jessamine county, one GREY HORSE, about eleven years old, near 15 hands high, shod all round, nicked, roached and bobed. Appraised to \$40 before methis 1st day of May, 1819.

29*

S.AMUEL H. CRAIG.

GRE

July 23, 1819—23-4t

PLANK.

90,000 FEET of PINE, POPLAR and CHERRY PLANK, for sale at Cleveland's Landing. Apply to JEREMIAH ROGERS.

July 1-27-4t

LEGHORN BONNETS.

MRS. SAUNDERS,

NFORMS the Ladies that she has just received an additional supply of LEGHORN and other BONNETS, which she offers for sale at moderate prices, at her Millinery store, at the corner of Main and Mill-streets Lexing. ton, where the Ladies and others, are invited to call and see for themselves.

Lexington Brass, Iron & Bell



ONTINUES to carry on the town of Lexing ING BUSINESS, in the town of Lexing ton, second door below the Theatre, Water treet, where all kinds of

Brass and Iron Work for Machinery &c.

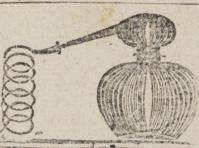
May be had on the shortest notice. Also, wil be kept on hand BELLS for Taverns, Houses and Horses; refined Wagon, Carriage and Gigg BUXES; Hatter's, Tailor's and FLAT IRONS; Scale Weights and Woffle Irons; Gun Mountings and Clock Castings; Rivets and Still Cocks, with many other articles too

The highest price in Cash will be given at the Foundry, for Old Brass, Copper, Pewter Lexington, June 18, 1819-25tf

Tobacco, Segars & Snuff, FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has on hand a quantity of which he will sell low for Cash. He still co times to carry on the TOBACCO MANU FACTURING business in all its branches, or Ipper-street, three doors above Church alley Orders for the above articles will be thank fully received, and punctually attended

BENJ. LOTSPEICH. May 4th, 1819——19tf



Stills For Sale. THE subscriber has on hand STILLS, of different sizes, and of the best quality, which e will sell low for cash. He has lately received from Philadelphia a

uantity of COPPER, which enables him to urnish STILLS and BOILERS, of any size, at ne shortest notice

He also carries on the TINNING BUSINESS,

STOVE PIPES, &c. also for sale. M. FISHEL. Lexington, Jan. 1, 1819-tf

Blank Checks

UST printed and for sale at the office of the Kentucky Gazette, CWECKS on the Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Lexington, ni books, or by the quire. Also, hecks on the nited States Branch and the Lexington Branch sanks May 29-tf

For Sale, TWO TRACTS OF LAND, ONTAINING 4015 \$\frac{3}{4}\$ acres each, being parts of Gen'l.Clark's surveys on the Ohio,

w the mouth of Tennessee. The first begins a small distance below the mouth of Catfish creek, and its front on the Ohio terminates a small distance above the mouth of Massac creek, being part of the sur-

rey of 36,962 acres. The second is part of general Clark's survey of 37,000 acres, beginning at a stake on the Ohio, 1150 poles below the upper corner of said survey, having a front on the Ohio reduc ed to a strait line of 353 poles. Both tracts extend from the river to the back lines of the espective surveys, of which they are parts, etween parallel lines.

The title is derived directfro m Gen. Clark : he deeds on record in the Office of the Court of Appeals in Kentucky. Apply to LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH,

Jan. 1, 1819-tf-[ch.T.E.B.&Co.]

NOTICE.

LESSRS. Wm. Lawlin, Charles Lawlin Henry Lawlin, John Lawlon, John Hen derson and Salley his wife, Isabella Douglas Robert Walkup and Polley his wife, Alexander Carnes, Ral Carnes, Jno Carnes, David Carnes Matthew Clay, Joseph Clay, Amanda Clay, and he unknown heirs of Thomas Shores, shall attend at the Clerk's Office for Madiso ounty, on the 30th of August, 1819, to take he deposition of John Jackson and others, to e read in the suit in Chancery I have agains ou.&c. pending in the Madison circuit court nd shall adjourn from day to day until said usiness is finished.

ROBERT LACKEY.
July 23, 1819—30-4t

NOTICE.

ESSRS. Robert Lackey, Wm. Lawlin, Charles Lawlin, Henry Lawlin, John Lawlin, John Henderson and Sally his wife sabeller Duglas, Robert Walkup and Polle nis wife, David Carnes, Ralph Carnes, Alexan ler Carnes, John Carnes, Bryant Oneal, Rob ert Henry, Matthew Clay, Joseph Clay, Amanda Clay, and the unknown heirs of Thomas Shores, deceased, I shall attend at the Madin County Court Clerks Office, in the town of Richmond, Madison county Kentucky, on the 30th day of August 1819, to take the de osition of John Jackson and others, to b ead as evidence in the sult in Chancery ave against you &c. in the Madison circuicourt, and adjourn from day to day if neces

GREEN CLAY.

ENTERTAINMENT.



"DON'T GIVE UP THE SHIP."

LUKE USHER,

SIGN OF THE SHIP,

ESPECTFULLY informs his friends and
the public, that he still continues the
HOUSE and STABLES, at the sign of the SHIP, in Short-street, near Limestone-street. He is determined to use every exertion to render the situation of those who shall please to favour the establishment with their custo greeable. From the experience he has had n the public line, he feels confident of giving

Lexington, March 26.—tf
P. S. A few gentlemen can be accommoda-

For Sale or to Rent, A COTTON FACTORY,

Containing 108 Spindles & 3 Carding Machines WITH every necessary appurtenance, all in good order and ready for immediate business. This property is fitted up in a good orick house, located in a valuable and convenient part of the town, and will be sold separately or with the house to suit the purchaser. Terms liberal, both as to price and time of payment: and we believe, that we can assert without presumption, that no place in Kentucky would better support an establishment of its size than Versailles, where there is a regular and increasing demand for Cotton Yarns. Apply to

R. & W. B. LONG.
Versailles, Feb. 5—tf

By the President of the U. States. HEREAS, by an act of Congress, passed. on the 3d of March, 1815, entitled "An act to provide for the ascertaining and surveying of the boundary lines fixed by the treaty with the Creek Indians, and for other purposes," the President of the United States is au-

thorized to cause the lands acquired by the said treaty to be offered for sale, when sur-Therefore, I. James Monroe, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of certain lands in the terriory of Alabama, shall be held at Huntsville, in

said territory, as follows: On the first Monday in July next, for the sale of townships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in ranges 1 and 2, west—9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in range 1, east—9, 11, 12 and 14, in range 2, ast-12 and 13, in range 3, east-11, 12 and 13, in range 4 east.
On the first Monday in September, for the

sale of townships 9 and 10, in range 3, west—9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 1, in ranges 4 and 5, west. On the first Monday in November, for the ale of townships 9, 10 and 11, in ranges 6 and 7, west—9 and 10, in range 8, west—9, 10 and 11, in range 9, west—9, 10, 11 and 12, in range

10, west-9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, in range 11, On the first Monday in January 1820, for the sale of townships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in ranges 13 and 14, west—10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, n range 15, west-11, 12, 13 and 14, in range

16, west—12 and 13, in range 17, west.

And sales shall be held at Cahaba, in the said territory, on the first Monday in August next, for the sale of townships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in range 5—9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15 and 16, in range 6—11, in range 7—10 and 11, in range 9—8, 9, 10 and 11, in ranges 10 and 11—9, 10 and 11, in range 12. Excepting such lands as have been, or shall be, reserved according to law, for the use of schools and for other purposes. Each sale shall continue open for two weeks and no longer, and shall commence with the lowest number of section, ownship and range, and proceed in regular

numerical order. Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this 20th day of March, 1819.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President,

JOSIAH MEIGS. Commissioner of the General Land Office. Printers of Newspapers who are authorised to publish the laws of the United States, will insert the above once a week till the 1st of January next.



J. SEARLES. Has an hand and is still making a quantity of SADDLES,

OF all descriptions and of the best quality, which he warrants to be equal in every respect to any in the state. Plated BRIDLES, SADDLE BAGS and all other articles in his line, made in the neatest manner and at the shortest notice. As he pro-cures the best materials, he flatters himself he is able to please those wo may favour him with their custom A few doors below E Yeizer's Currying Shop, Main-street.
Lexington, June 25, 1819-26tf

NOTICE.

URSUANT to a Rule of the Circuit-court of the United States for the Kentucky District, will be sold on the Second day of AUGUST next, at twelve of the clock at noon of that day, at Public Auction, the following personal property, to wit: A Likely NEGRO WOMAN, named Chloe; 15 boxes Glassware, ssorted; 20 Shares Stock in the Lexington white Lead Manufacturing Co.; One Pair, Dearborn's Patent Steelyards; one sett Gig. Harness, and a variety of Household and Kitchen FURNITURE. Also, a quantity of Cotton

And on the same day and hour, the dwelling HOUSE and LOT now occupied by John P. Schatzell, in the town of Lexington; also TEN ACRES of LAND, lying near Fowler's The personal property will be sold at the

said house occupied by John P. Schatzell, and also the said House and Lot. The ten Acre Lot will be sold on the premises, immediately after closing the sales of the House and Personal Property. The personal property will be sold for notes with approved securities, payable on the 25th day of October next, at the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank in Lexington. The House and Lot and Ten Acre Lot, will e sold on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen nonths, for similar notes.

For further particulars and a more perfect escription of the property, apply to either of the undersigned.

JOHN TILFORD,

THO. W. HAWKINS, Com'rs. R. S. TODD, Lexington, June 16, 1819 ___ 25-6t.